

OVER THE MOONS

Site lets you explore the moons of our solar system

Last weekend, the United States once again launched astronauts into space from American soil. The SpaceX Crew Dragon spacecraft lifted off from Kennedy Space Center in Florida with NASA astronauts Robert Behnken and Douglas Hurley on board, bound for the International Space Station.



KEVIN O'NEILL

InSites

Going forward, NASA has set its sights on returning astronauts to the moon by 2024. Neil Armstrong stepping onto the surface of the moon in 1969 is still hailed as one of mankind's greatest accomplishments. It took an impressive combination of ambition and technical prowess to achieve that mission.

NASA isn't the only organization with the skill set to take you to other worlds. **National Geographic.com** has a section dedicated to all the moons in our solar system. Type The Atlas of Moons into the search function at the top of the site to begin your journey.

As you scroll down the page, the orbits of all the planets in our solar system come into view. Con-

tinue scrolling and you zoom into Earth's orbit, and then our moon's orbit around us. A brief description of the planet's lunar system is displayed, including the distance from the sun and the speed that the moon travels around the Earth, which is a blistering 39,350 mph.

As you watch the moon race around its orbit, the distance from the planet is displayed, updating constantly as its path traces nearer and further from the planet. The length of time it takes to complete an orbit is also displayed.

Keep scrolling and information on the moon's formation, composition and history is displayed. Below that is a highly detailed, rotating image of the moon with labels on all the named features. You can grab the celestial body with your cursor and rotate it in any direction.

Below the moon is a scale showing its size compared to the United States. There's also information on other moons in our solar system that share similar traits, such as composition, origin or atmosphere. Finally, there is a list of crewed and robotic space missions from different countries that have landed on the moon.

If you keep scrolling down the

page you will eventually travel to each planet in our solar system in order of distance from the sun. You can explore their major moons in the same fashion as ours.

This can take a while. Jupiter has 79 moons and Saturn has 82, though the site doesn't profile all of them. If you want to jump to a specific planet or moon there's a drop-down menu at the top of the section that lets you pick your destination.

As you would expect from National Geographic, the site is well-designed, easy to use and visually stunning.

KEVIN O'NEILL is a staff artist for The Times-Tribune. Share your favorite websites and apps with him at koneill@times-shamrock.com.